

POLICE DEPARTMENT



STATE OF GEORGIA

UNITED STATES

CITY OF ATLANTA

Annual Report 1966 Atlanta, Georgia

1966

Atlanta Police Department

Herbert T. Jenkins

Chief of Police

Police Committee Board of Aldermen

Richard C. Freeman, *Chairman*
Charlie Leftwich, *Vice Chairman*
Q. V. Williamson
Jack Summers
Sam Massell, Jr., (*President Board of Aldermen*)
Ivan Allen, Jr., *Mayor*
Ex-Officio

Board of Aldermen

SAM MASSELL, JR. — *President of Board*

<i>1st. Ward</i> Robert S. Dennis	<i>5th. Ward</i> George Cotsakis
<i>1st. Ward</i> E. Gregory Griggs	<i>5th. Ward</i> G. Everett Millican
<i>2nd. Ward</i> Ed. A. Gilliam	<i>6th. Ward</i> Richard C. Freeman
<i>2nd. Ward</i> J. M. Flanigen	<i>6th. Ward</i> Cecil Turner
<i>3rd. Ward</i> Wm. T. (Bill) Knight	<i>7th. Ward</i> Jack Summers
<i>3rd. Ward</i> Q. V. Williamson	<i>7th. Ward</i> Milton G. Farris
<i>4th. Ward</i> Hugh Pierce	<i>8th. Ward</i> Rodney M. Cook
<i>4th. Ward</i> Charlie Leftwich	<i>8th. Ward</i> Douglas L. (Buddy) Fowlkes

Atlanta, Georgia



IVAN ALLEN, JR.
Mayor

CITY OF ATLANTA



CITY HALL ATLANTA, GA. 30303

Tel. 522-4463 Area Code 404

December 31, 1966

IVAN ALLEN, JR., MAYOR

R. EARL LANDERS, Administrative Assistant
MRS. ANN M. MOSES, Executive Secretary
DAN E. SWEAT, JR., Director of Governmental Liaison

A MESSAGE FROM THE MAYOR:

As we enter the last third of the nineteen sixties, we find ourselves continually facing rapid and far reaching changes in the methods and procedures of law enforcement.

To meet the demands of our challenging times, our police department must be highly trained in many specialized fields.

Accordingly we are carrying on programs of exploration as we seek new and improved techniques in our endeavor to attain and maintain the highest professional standards in law enforcement.

Let me invite your attention to some significant forward steps taken during 1966:

For example, we are now using an electronic computer to record and process traffic tickets. We plan to extend this fast and accurate method to handle other police records.

Again, the Atlanta Metropol, the law enforcement organization which now covers our five county metro area, is conducting a searching study of crime in our metro area. The federal government is considering making a grant to assist us in this study.

We also are studying the feasibility of providing police officers with equipment that will enable them to maintain constant communication. As the situation now stands, scientists can be in constant touch with satellites millions of miles distant but we lose touch with a police officer when he goes a few yards away from his car radio within our city limits.

To make our communications more efficient, a three way radio frequency system will be installed this year. This will provide a separate wave length for the north side, the south side and the detective division. It will take care of our needs for many years to come.

Again, colleges here are carrying on a research program to determine if it is advisable to conduct an accredited course in police training for law enforcement officers.

To sum up, Atlanta's police department is ever mindful that we must never let up in our war on crime and it is always exerting its utmost efforts to make Atlanta the most crime free city in our land.

Ivan Allen, Jr.
Mayor

POLICE COMMITTEE
OF
ALDERMANIC BOARD



RICHARD C. FREEMAN, Chairman



CHARLIE LEFTWICH, Vice-Chairman



SAM MASSELL, JR., (President Board of Aldermen)



JACK SUMMERS



Q. V. WILLIAMSON



HENRY L. BOWDEN
City Attorney



LEWIS R. SLATON
*Solicitor General
Fulton County*



JOHN E. DOUGHERTY
Associate City Attorney



HERBERT T. JENKINS
Chief of Police



CITY OF ATLANTA

DEPARTMENT of POLICE

Atlanta 3, Georgia

HERBERT T. JENKINS
Chief

January 1, 1967

Mayor and Board of Aldermen
City Hall
Atlanta, Georgia

Gentlemen:

I submit herewith the 87th Annual Report of the Atlanta Police Department for the year 1966.

Crime reports in the first part of the year generally showed a marked decrease. Rape, auto theft and larceny under \$50.00, continued to show a decrease for the entire year. But, during the last part of the year, when the police were preoccupied with a firemen's strike and racial disturbances, with street fighting, crime in all other categories, including traffic fatalities and traffic accidents, were on the increase.

1966 was the first full year of major league baseball and major league football in the City of Atlanta. The traffic control program at the stadium was excellent, allowing between 50,000 and 60,000 visitors, on many occasions, to leave the stadium in a few minutes, without undue delay.

The Detective Division, especially the Lottery Squad, was very much on the alert for gambling of all kinds, and many gambling arrests were made – but, nothing was discovered to indicate that gambling was on the increase, or that out-of-town gamblers were attempting to operate in the City of Atlanta.

The Internal Security Squad was reorganized during the year, and this department is enjoying the tightest internal security of any police department in the nation.

The Atlanta Police Department has a very fine liaison with all federal agencies, especially the Office of Law Enforcement Assistance, and additional assistance and equipment are expected to be added during the coming year.

The morale, training and discipline in the department continues on the upward trend, and we wish to again express our deep appreciation to Mayor Ivan Allen, Jr., the Atlanta Crime Commission, and the Board of Aldermen for the very fine help and assistance the department has received in the year 1966.

Respectfully,

Herbert T. Jenkins
Chief of Police



ATLANTA

THE CITY WE PROTECT

Atlanta, the Capital of Georgia, is the commercial, industrial and financial dynamo of the Southeast.

Facts about Atlanta:

126.8 Square miles policed within the City of Atlanta.

403.1 Square miles (Fulton County minus portion of City of Atlanta within Fulton County; Policed in unincorporated area, area outside city policed through contract with county.)

89,872 Atlanta Population (City) in 1900.

200,616 Atlanta Population (City) in 1920.

345,000 Atlanta Population (City) in 1946.

499,000 Atlanta Population (City) in 1966.

Atlanta is situated 1,050 feet above sea level, having the highest altitude of any city its size or larger in the United States, Denver excepted.

Atlanta is not dominated by any one industrial group and its factory output is well diversified, having some 1,550 manufacturers who turn out more than 3,500 different commodities.

Atlanta has a 61.2° F. Annual Temperature and 49.3 inches of rainfall yearly.

Atlanta is the largest railroad center in the South. It has 13 lines of 7 railway systems.

The Atlanta Airport ranks 4th in the nation in the number of passenger enplanements and 5th in departures.

Atlanta has 19 Colleges and Institutions of higher learning, having an enrollment of over 30,000. There are more institutions of higher learning for Negroes in Atlanta than in any other city in the world.

Atlanta rated 4th in the nation in dollar volume of downtown building construction. (Refers to the central business district.)

Corporate Atlanta rated 10th in the nation in total value of building permits authorized.

LAW ENFORCEMENT

Let's
All
Work

Effectively
Never

Forgetting

Our

Responsibilities

Concerning

Every

Man

Exercising

Necessary

Tolerance



DIRECTING TRAFFIC



LOADING PRISONERS
IN PATROL WAGON

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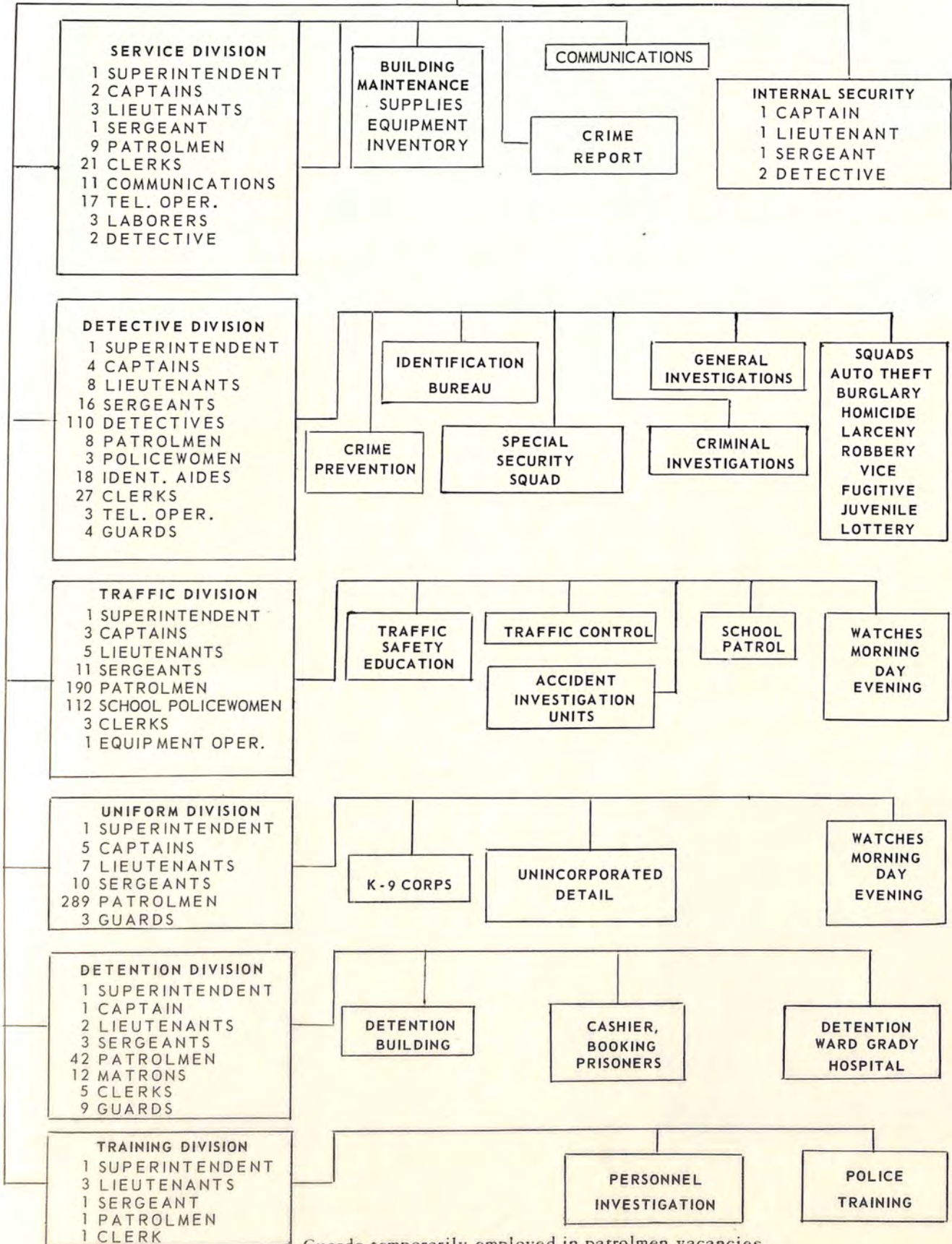
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ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

Mayor and Board of Aldermen

Police Committee

Chief



Guards temporarily employed in patrolmen vacancies.
Personnel as of December 31, 1966.

DIVISIONS
OF
DEPARTMENT



DETECTIVE BUREAU

SUPERINTENDENT CLINTON CHAFIN
Commanding Officer



SERVICE DIVISION

SUPERINTENDENT FRED BEERMAN
Commanding Officer



TRAFFIC DIVISION

SUPERINTENDENT JAMES L. MOSELEY
Commanding Officer



UNIFORM DIVISION

SUPERINTENDENT J. F. BROWN
Commanding Officer



DETENTION DIVISION

SUPERINTENDENT I. G. COWAN
Commanding Officer



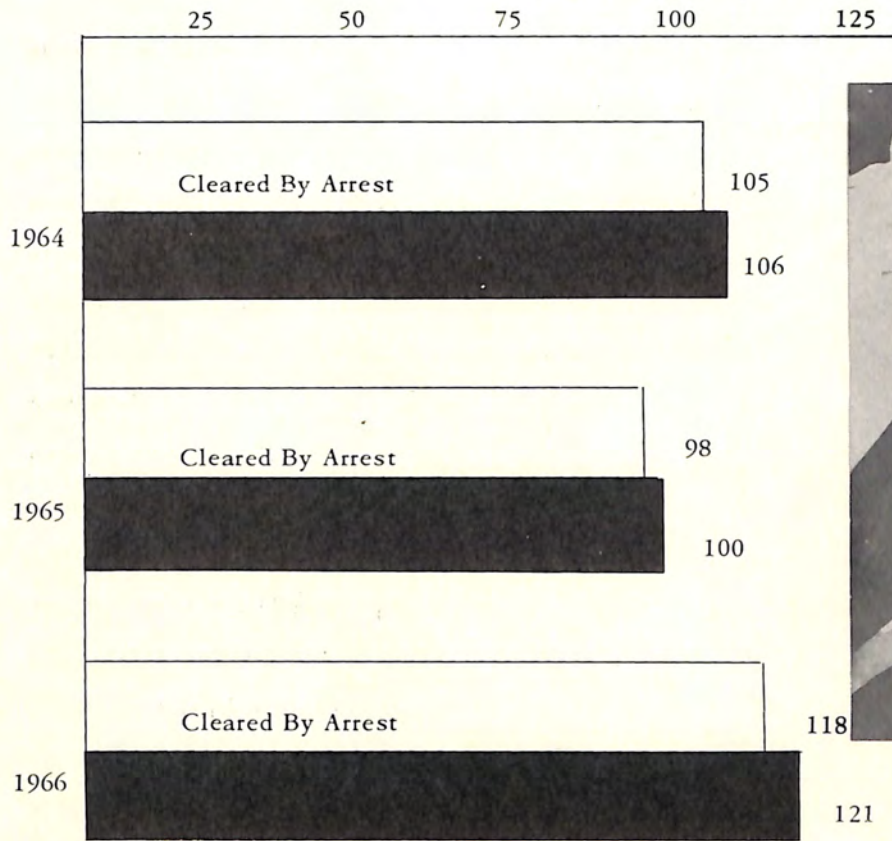
TRAINING DIVISION

SUPERINTENDENT J. L. TUGGLE
Commanding Officer

**PERSONNEL OF POLICE DEPARTMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING
DECEMBER 31, 1966**

Positions Authorized	Rank and Grade
1	Chief of Police
6	Superintendents
13	Captains
29	Lieutenants
42	Sergeants
114	Detectives
591	Patrolmen
3	Policewomen
1	Guard
3	Telephone Maintenance
1	Superintendent of Identification
6	Identification Aides No. 2
12	Identification Aides No. 1
7	Radio Technicians
1	Communication Engineer
4	Switchboard Operator No. 2
16	Switchboard Operator No. 1
12	Prison Matrons
1	Laborers
1	Equipment Operator No. 1
2	Porters
1	Steno-Clerk No. 4
6	Steno-Clerk No. 2
1	Typist-Clerk No. 3
35	Typist-Clerks No. 2
1	Account Clerk
5	Fingerprint Rollers
1	Clerk No. 4
4	Clerks No. 2
2	Key Punch Operators
112	Traffic Policewomen (School)
<hr style="width: 10%; margin-left: 0;"/> 1,034	Total

HOMICIDE



Murder

RACIAL DISTRIBUTION OF MURDERS:

	KILLED BY UNKNOWN			KILLED BY WHITE			KILLED BY NEGRO			TOTAL
	1964	1965	1966	1964	1965	1966	1964	1965	1966	1966
White	0	1	1	22	20	24	3	3	3	28
Negro	1	1	3	2	1	1	78	74	89	93
										121

	Murder Weapon Used			Where Committed		
	1964	1965	1966	1964	1965	1966
Knives	25					
Pistols	67			Residences	76	72
Shotguns	6			Business Places	8	9
Rifles	5			Streets	22	19
Other	18					
			Total			
			121	Total	106	100
						121

ATLANTA

HOMICIDES

1920	THROUGH	1966	PERPETRATORS		
<u>Year</u>		<u>Number</u>	Negro Male kills	White Male	
1920		45	Negro Male kills	Negro Male	3
1921		37	Negro Male kills	Negro Female	48
1922		52	Negro Female kills	Negro Male	21
1923		40	Negro Female kills	Negro Female	19
1924		60	White Male kills	White Male	1
1925		44	White Male kills	White Female	15
1926		54	White Female kills	White Male	5
1927		63	Negro Male kills	White Female	4
1928		55	White Female kills	White Female	0
1929		113	White Male kills	Negro Male	0
1930		111	Unknown		1
1931		101			4
1932		104			
1933		Not			
1934		Known			
1935		97	White Male		23
1936		118	White Female		5
1937		115	Negro Male		70
1938		81	Negro Female		23
1939		84			
1940		111			
1941		106			
1942		84			
1943		58			
1944		69			
1945		91			
1946		97			
1947		91			
1948		76			
1949		88			
1950		101			
1951		83			
1952		102			
1953		74			
1954		85			
1955		79			
1956		85			
1957		82			
1958		83			
1959		74			
1960		67			
1961		47			
1962		84			
1963		87			
1964		106			
1965		100			
1966		121			

VICTIMS		
White Male		23
White Female		5
Negro Male		70
Negro Female		23
Total		121

JUVENILES	
6	Homicide victims are juveniles
7	Juveniles arrested as perpetrators

INCOME AREAS	
92	Homicides committed in low income areas
27	Homicides committed in medium income areas
2	Homicides committed in high income areas

RECORD	
89	of the perpetrators had police records
28	of the perpetrators had no police records
4	of the perpetrators were unknown

POPULATION	
1920	200,616
1936	286,000
1946	345,000
1966	499,000

MURDER

	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966
JANUARY	8	7	8	11	4	9	8	12
FEBURARY	4	2	1	1	3	6	6	6
MARCH	6	7	5	5	6	7	5	3
APRIL	5	4	8	10	6	16	8	12
MAY	4	7	7	7	12	10	5	12
JUNE	5	2	2	8	4	7	10	16
JULY	8	12	5	9	10	7	12	13
AUGUST	8	2	9	8	8	10	11	15
SEPTEMBER	7	4	2	8	12	9	8	8
OCTOBER	7	9	9	3	7	10	11	8
NOVEMBER	7	6	8	7	6	7	4	9
DECEMBER	5	5	10	7	9	8	12	7
Total	74	67	74	84	87	106	100	121
Cleared by Arrest	71	68*	70	81	83	105	98	118
Number White	8	10	17	22	15	25	24	28
Number Colored	66	57	57	62	72	81	76	93

MURDER

Day of Week

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday	Total
17	9	7	8	21	38	21	121

* Indicates that more cases were solved than committed during the year, some were crimes of previous years.

1965 - 1966 COMPARISON OF MAJOR CRIMES
SUPERINTENDENT CLINTON CHAFIN
Detective Bureau

CRIME	1965	1966	PERCENTAGE OF INCREASE OR DECREASE	CLEARED BY ARREST 1965	1966	PERCENTAGE OF CLEAR-UP	NAT'L AVERAGE	TOTAL ARREST	JUVENILE
Homicide	100	121	+20%	98	118	97%	91%	125	7
Rape	115	99	-14%	91	81	82%	64%	144	17
Robbery	417	473	+13%	216	267	56%	38%	345	37
Assault	903	925	+2%	801	837	90%	73%	1,019	52
Burglary	4,820	5,291	+10%	1,468	1,341	25%	25%	1,431	641
Larceny Under \$50.	8,168	8,255	+1%	2,019	2,782				
						30%	20%	4,232	1,899
Larceny Over \$50.	4,200	4,851	+15%	592	1,218				
Auto Theft	2,974	2,391	-20%	1,014	791	33%	25%	922	311
Autos Recovered	2,280	1,912							

TOTAL CRIMES. . . . 1965 21,697

TOTAL ARRESTS 8,218

TOTAL CRIMES. . . . 1966 22,406

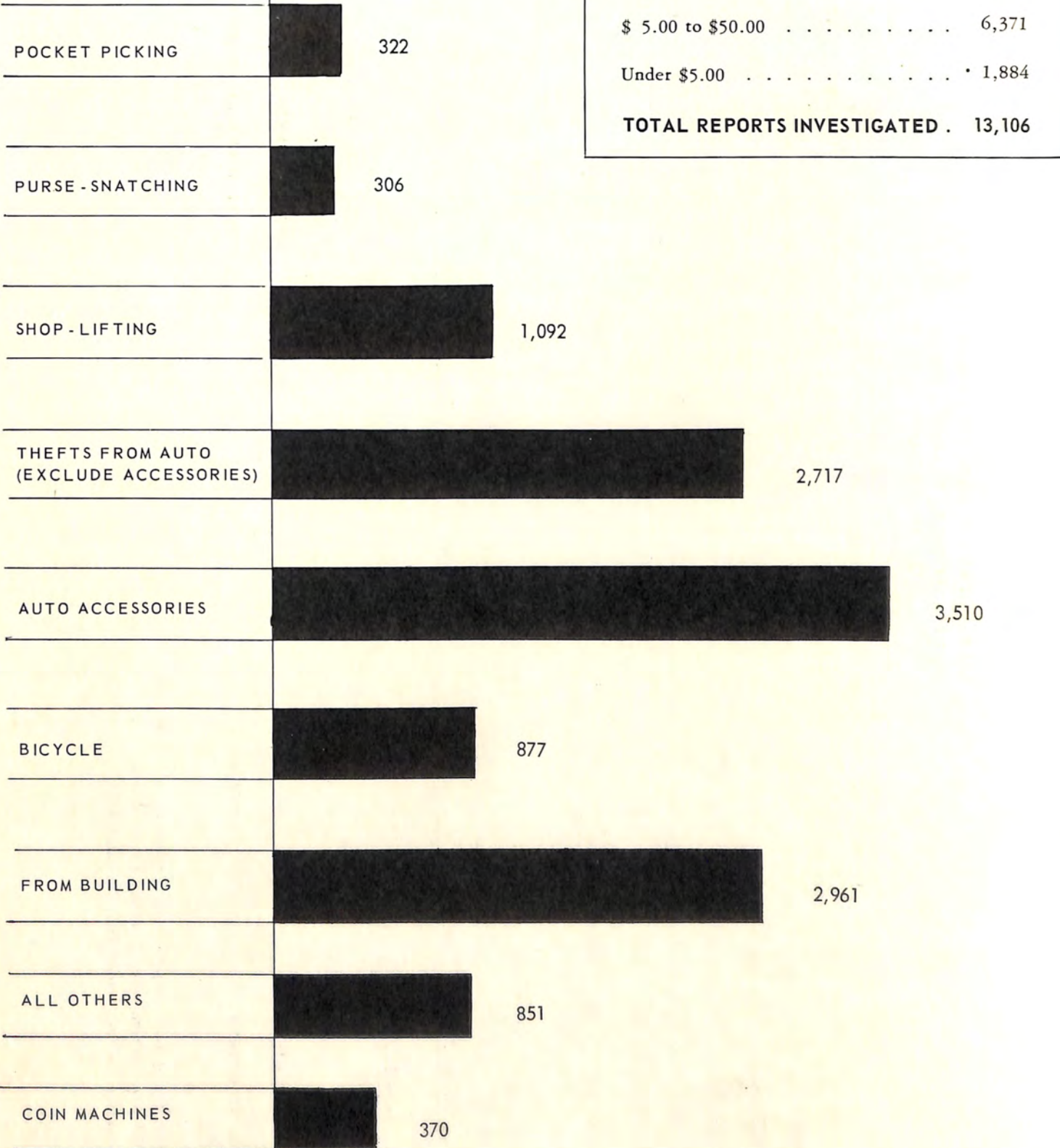
TOTAL JUVENILE ARRESTS 2,964

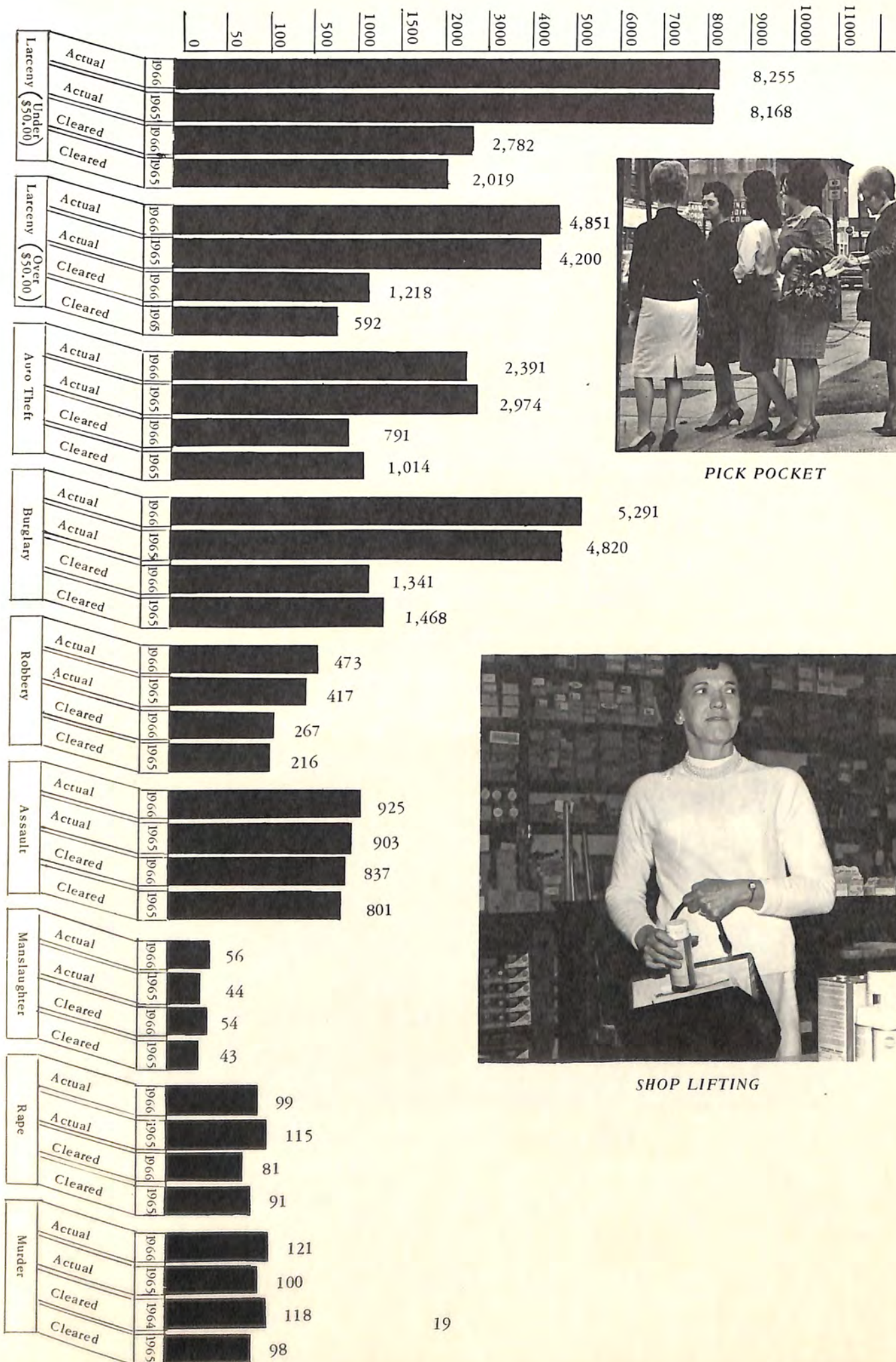
Increase of 3.3% January - December, 1966 in comparison with same period, 1965 counting Larceny under \$50. Not counting Larceny under \$50. Increase 4.6%

**LARCENY REPORTS
INVESTIGATED
IN 1966**

100	300	600	900	1200	1500	2000	2500	3000	4000	4500
-----	-----	-----	-----	------	------	------	------	------	------	------

\$50.00 and over	4,851
\$ 5.00 to \$50.00	6,371
Under \$5.00	1,884
TOTAL REPORTS INVESTIGATED .	13,106





PICK POCKET



SHOP LIFTING

**POLICE DETENTION WARD
AT
GRADY HOSPITAL**

Maximum security is now provided at Grady Hospital for prisoners requiring medical attention.

Six rooms, approximately twenty feet square, are used as a detention ward at the hospital for prisoners requiring emergency treatment.

A security force varying from two to five officers are on duty in the detention ward constantly.

Police officers are trained to recognize visible physical illness in arrested persons. Evidence of any of the following are carried directly to Grady Hospital:

1. Appearance of any type illness.
2. Having any type injury.
3. Unable to give their name and address in a coherent manner.
4. Unable to walk under their own power.
5. If they possess a card indicating they are a diabetic or an epileptic case.

Persons arrested and charged with operating a vehicle under the influence of alcohol or drugs are carried to the Grady Hospital. They have the privilege of taking or rejecting a blood test to determine the amount of alcohol or drugs consumed. The blood is forwarded to the Georgia State Crime Laboratory where a chemical analysis test is made. The results of the test are forwarded to the traffic court to be introduced as evidence. After a prisoner has been treated at the hospital, a doctor determines if their physical condition warrants their being sent to the city jail.



DETENTION WARD - GRADY HOSPITAL

CONCEALING IDENTITY

Armed robbers attempt to conceal their identity by wearing various disguises.

Rubber masks, nylon stockings, and large colored eyeglasses are worn by the criminal when perpetrating an act of armed robbery.

Banks and other financial institutions install hidden cameras which have numerous controls placed in strategic positions in the bank. The cameras take still and motion pictures of the robber in action.

Disguises are worn by the criminal in an attempt to eliminate positive identification by witnesses or hidden cameras.



ROBBERS CAUGHT



NYLON STOCKING DISGUISE

ACTIVITIES OF IDENTIFICATION BUREAU

	1966	1965
Persons photographed and fingerprinted	32,266	31,393
Persons identified by fingerprints	12,867	13,139
Sets of fingerprints made	48,646	46,391
Dispositions to the F. B. I.	7,970	12,102
Reports to the various courts	22,454	22,185
Reports to probation office, parole board, board of corrections and Bellwood Camp	2,278	2,628
Persons checked for jury duty	51,902	17,353
Criminal calls made for photos and fingerprint dusting	1,665	1,242

OTHER ACTIVITIES

Fingerprints classified	7,785	7,041
Wanted persons flagged	1,688	1,785
Reports to clerk-criminal court Fulton County	627	847
Latent prints identified	358	282
Records to Strip File	2,141	2,019
Color photo calls	273	82
Silver Nitrate processing	27	52



FULL PALM PRINTS NOW MADE

IDENTIFICATION

When applying fingerprint powder at the scene of a crime, we now use a brush with magnetic powers in place of bristles.

The brush excels when used on paper, wood and other highly porous surfaces, it is not recommended on Iron or Steel surfaces. We find that underside and vertical surfaces no longer present a problem.

A special powder which consists of metallic substances is not only efficient but is economical. The brush picks up any excess powder.



CRIME PREVENTION

The Crime Prevention Bureau was added to the Detective Department this year. In addition to investigating missing persons, malicious mischief, juveniles, stolen bicycles and threatening phone call reports, the Bureau is very active in preventing crimes.

White and Negro officers work as partners building a cooperative attitude between the residents living in the less fortunate areas of the city and Police Department personnel.

Members of the Bureau and representatives of the Economic Opportunity Centers work together persuading young people to seek the services offered and to be processed for employment by the youth program. Two hundred and sixty-three school drop outs returned to their classes as a direct result of the Bureau's activities.

Personnel assigned to this Bureau attend several meetings each week on their own time in order to discuss crime and juvenile problems with the public. The Bureau communicated with over fifty thousand of Atlanta's citizens during the year.

Their services are offered to adults and children of all ages, in the form of guidance, helping them to become productive citizens. In the past the only contacts most of these people had with police were unpleasant, usually arising from scrapes with law enforcement agencies.

The Bureau assisted the Parks Department in establishing ten play lots in the city this year and cooperated in providing supervisory personnel at play ground areas.

Visible progress is noted since the creation of the Bureau in eliminating an invisible barrier which prevented mutual understanding between police and citizens in our less fortunate areas. A better mutual understanding by both groups is beginning to show in the overall results.

CRIME PREVENTION



TEENAGE CONTACT



GROUP CONTACT



STREET CONTACT

1966
TRAFFIC ACCIDENT SUMMARY

1. TYPE OF ACCIDENT	NUMBER OF ACCIDENTS							NUMBER OF PERSONS				
	All Accidents	Fatal	Non-Fatal				Property Damage	Total Killed	Injured			
			Total	a	b	c			Total	a	b	c
Motor Vehicle:												
1. Ran off Road	2,108	37	674	525	126	23	1,397	42	1,030	717	217	96
2. Overturned on Road	70		24	15	6	3	46		30	15	8	7
3. Pedestrian	618	27	591	289	210	92		27	618	304	218	97
4. Motor Vehicle Traffic	20,549	25	1,333	911	312	110	19,191	30	2,779	1,296	714	770
5. Parked Motor Vehicle	1,499	3	113	82	27	4	1,383	4	163	99	41	23
6. Railroad Train	14	1	4	2	2		9	1	5	2	3	
7. Bicyclist	46		42	25	13	4	4		46	26	16	4
8. Animal	1						1					
9. Fixed Object	116	1	31	24	7		84	1	59	45	11	3
10. Other Object	4						4					
11. Other Non-collision	16		4	3	1		12		4	3	1	
12.												
TOTALS	25,041	94	2,816	1,876	704	236	22,131	105	4,734	2,507	1,229	1,000

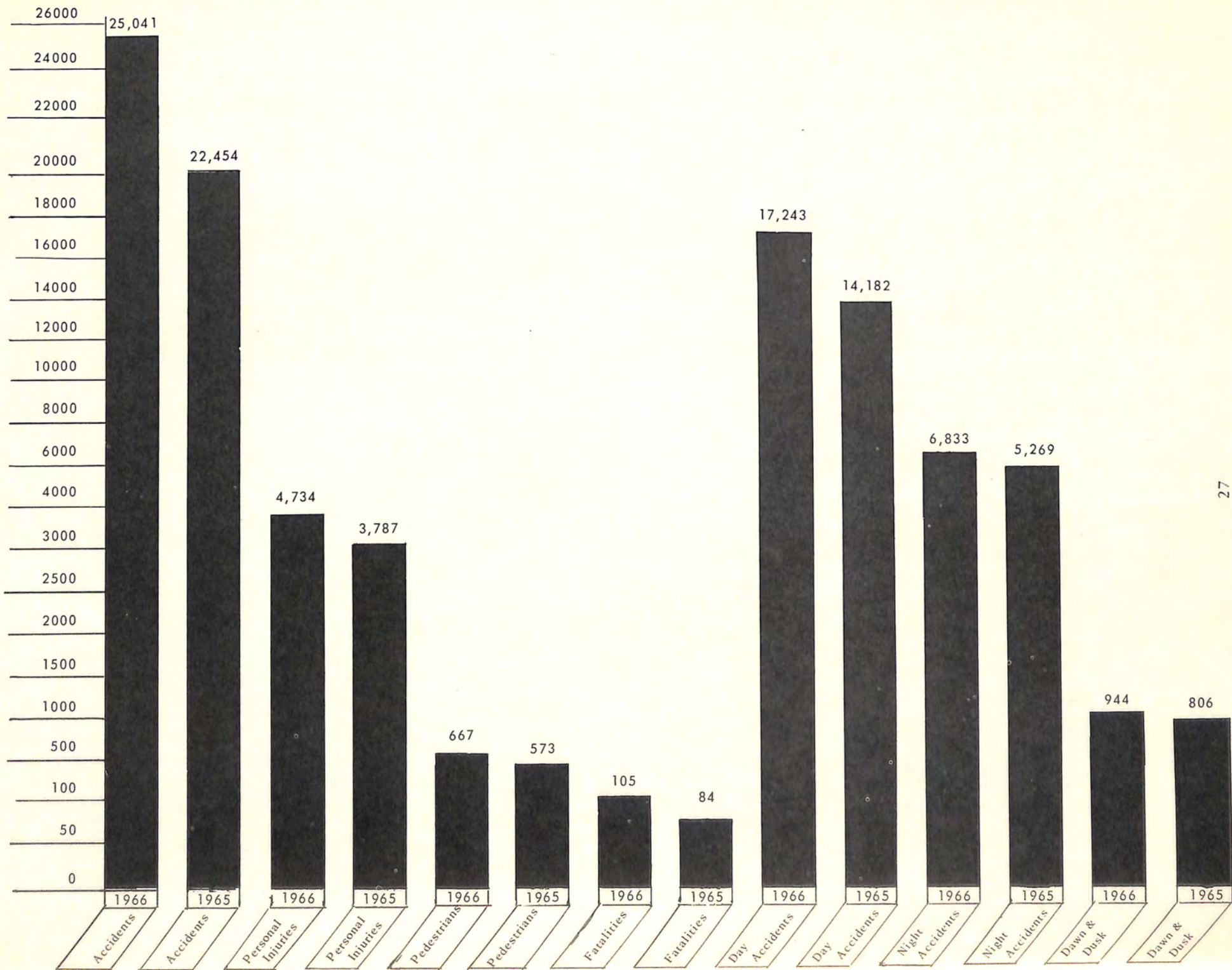
105 persons killed in 94 fatal accidents.

CODE FOR INJURY

A – Visible signs of injury, as bleeding or distorted member; or had to be carried from the scene.

B – Other visible injury, as bruises, abrasions, swelling, limping, etc.

C – No visible injury but complaint of pain or momentary unconsciousness.



ACCIDENTS

1966

<i>Contributing Circumstances Indicated</i>	<i>All Accidents</i>		<i>Fatal Accidents</i>	
	1966	1965	1966	1965
Speeding too fast	830	706	25	18
Fail to yield right-of-way	4,423	3,430	5	2
Drove left of center	1,131	969	11	9
Improper overtaking	634	489	2	0
Past stop sign	1,107	820	3	1
Disregarded traffic signal	1,254	858	1	0
Followed too closely	6,854	5,643	0	4
Made improper turn	1,667	1,254	0	0
Other improper driving	5,360	4,169	26	17
Inadequate brakes	428	373	0	0
Improper lights	21	16	0	0
Had been drinking	938	818	6	4
Total	24,647	19,545	79	55

* 1966

105 Persons killed in 94 fatal accidents

* 1965

84 Persons killed in 81 fatal accidents

Persons Killed By Hour of Day

11-12 AM	6	7-8 AM	4
12- 1 AM	6	8-9 AM	3
1- 2 AM	6	9-10 AM	2
2- 3 AM	6	10-11 AM	5
3- 4 AM	6	11 AM to 12 PM	0
4- 5 AM	1	12- 1 PM	2
5- 6 AM	2	1- 2 PM	2
6- 7 AM	4	2- 3 PM	0
Total	37	Total	18

By Day of Week

3-4 PM	5	Monday	12
4-5 PM	4	Tuesday	17
5-6 PM	8	Wednesday	8
6-7 PM	7	Thursday	16
7-8 PM	7	Friday	7
8-9 PM	3	Saturday	25
9-10 PM	6	Sunday	20
10-11 PM	10		
Total	50	Total	105

TOTAL TRAFFIC ARREST
1966

CHARGE	1966	1965	CHANGE
Allowing another to drive U/I	60	57	3
Allowing another to drive without license	233	322	- 89
Driving on sidewalk	33	29	4
Driving on wrong side of street	2,546	2,540	6
Driving while drivers license suspended	596	638	- 42
Driving wrong way on one way street	3,192	3,956	- 764
Failing to give a proper signal	54	75	- 21
Failing to grant or yield right of way	3,181	3,066	115
Failing to obey officers signal	223	205	18
Failing to pull to curb to unload passenger	44	88	- 44
Failing to remain in proper lane	13,285	10,348	2,937
Failing to set brakes and curb wheels	61	69	- 8
Failing to stop when traffic obstructed	5	9	- 4
Following too closely	5,310	5,437	- 127
Illegal or improper turn	16,106	19,086	- 2,980
Impeding regular movement of traffic	1,067	1,347	- 280
Improper entering or leaving vehicle	28	30	- 2
Improper backing	1,213	1,153	60
Improper brakes	215	262	- 47
Improper emerging from private drive	832	773	59
Improper or no lights	6,581	6,809	- 228
Improper passing	1,185	1,232	- 47
Improper start from parked position	636	734	- 98
Operating motor vehicle U/I	4,298	4,241	57
Projecting load	40	41	- 1
Riding Double on motor scooter	22	71	- 49
Speeding	30,068	35,081	- 5,013
Violating pedestrians duties	1,698	3,092	- 1,394
Violating pedestrians rights	197	167	30
Violating red light ordinance	19,555	21,558	- 2,003
Violating stop sign ordinance	8,586	11,045	- 2,459
Blocking traffic	181	112	69
Improper changing lanes	3,771	3,726	45
Motor vehicle colliding with object	924	891	33
Vehicle leaving street or roadway	635	652	- 17
Vehicle colliding with parked vehicle	811	890	- 79
Blocking intersection	175	500	- 325
Fail to grant R/W to pedestrian	4	9	- 5
Other hazardous violations	310	381	- 71
Violating minimum speed law	97	50	47
Drag Racing	111	109	2
Crossing Median	462	295	167
TOTAL HAZARDOUS VIOLATIONS	128,631	141,176	-12,545
Fail to abide	1,010	874	136
Fail to appear in court on copy	4,499	5,107	- 608
Illegal parking (restricted area)	2,547	3,751	- 1,204
Improper muffler	979	1,157	- 178
No drivers license	9,089	10,320	- 1,231
Violating truck and trailer ordinance	116	100	16
Violating section 18.173 (Fail report acc.)	981	1,076	- 95
Illegal parking (Overtime)	1,390	1,449	- 59
Illegal parking (Impound)	1,822	2,281	- 459
VSMVL	2,355	2,805	- 450
Other non-hazardous violations	77	126	- 49
Violating State Inspection Law	1,372	170	1,202
	26,237	29,216	- 2,979
TOTAL TRAFFIC VIOLATIONS	154,868	170,392	- 15,524
Drunk on street	477	462	15
Drunk in automobile	251	331	- 80
Other non-traffic violations	935	632	303
	1,663	1,425	238
TOTAL ALL VIOLATIONS	156,531	171,817	- 15,286
Cases involving accidents	20,501	20,178	323

INTERNAL SECURITY

The Atlanta Police Departments Internal Security Squad underwent a reorganization this year. They are to perform the following functions within the department.

Investigate and ascertain the honesty and integrity of all police personnel.

Investigate all rumors and complaints of police brutality or other police misconduct.

Investigate and approve or reject, all applications for extra police jobs and investigate all bad debts complaints.

Investigate and certify all new employees and all former employees requesting reemployment.

Establish a systematic file on complaints and report immediately to the Chief of Police any case that might require disciplinary action; and to furnish a summary report of all activities to the Chief of Police.

POLICE OFFICERS ASSAULTED

1966

	OFFICERS ASSAULTED	OFFICERS INJURED BY PRISONERS	OFFICERS ASSAULTED NOT INJURED	OFFICERS INJURED IN ACCIDENTS	UNRULY PRISONERS
JAN.	20	7	13	12	21
FEB.	16	4	12	10	18
MAR.	24	7	17	18	25
APR.	29	10	19	16	29
MAY	31	13	18	10	30
JUNE	25	4	21	14	25
JULY	36	12	24	12	35
AUG.	29	6	23	12	27
SEPT.	25	9	16	15	24
OCT.	32	7	25	9	33
NOV.	29	9	20	12	31
DEC.	20	10	10	15	18
TOTAL	316	98*	218	155	316

* Officers receiving minor injury not shown. Only cases requiring hospital treatment included.

In some incidents, more than one officer and one prisoner are involved.

UNINCORPORATED AREA - 1966

**OFFENSES AND ACTIVITIES REPORT
UNINCORPORATED AREA OF FULTON COUNTY**

* * * * *

Police services furnished to the Unincorporated Area of Fulton County are furnished by contract between City of Atlanta and Fulton County.

**PERSONNEL AND EQUIPMENT
December 31, 1966**

2 Captains
1 Lieutenant (Detective)
2 Sergeants
36 Patrolmen
12 Patrol Cars
11 School Traffic Policewomen
4 Motorcycles (Radio)

* * * * *

	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Total
Total traffic accidents	107	78	90	100	109	93	133	124	106	126	90	117	1273
Injuries	53	48	48	59	53	49	83	82	55	81	49	67	687
Deaths	1	0	2	5	2	2	4	4	3	0	4	2	29

* * * * *

	1965		1966		RECOVERED	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
Burglaries	318	422	\$ 72,823.65	\$108,726.97	\$11,840.70	\$10,917.21
Larcenies	312	366	34,538.70	53,116.85	645.17	1,528.11
Larceny of Automobiles	48	72	61,900.00	93,500.00	79,500.00	77,250.00
Totals			169,262.35	255,343.82	91,985.87	89,695.32

UNINCORPORATED AREA ARRESTS

FBI REPORT – PART ONE

NUMBER OF ARRESTS

Arrests	1964	1965	1966
CRIMINAL HOMICIDE:			
Murder & Nonnegligent Manslaughter	4	1	4
Manslaughter	2	7	9
Forcible Rape	6	3	1
Robbery	3	6	5
Aggravated Assault	10	5	3
Burglary	58	35	39
Larceny	31	35	42
Auto Theft	12	16	40
Total – Part One	126	108	143

FBI REPORT – PART TWO

Other assaults	6	7	29
Arson	0	2	1
Forgery & Counterfeiting	0	3	0
Fraud	0	3	4
Embezzlement	0	0	0
Stolen Property, Buying, Receiving, Possessing	2	4	3
Vandalism	0	5	10
Weapons: Carrying, Possessing, Etc.	9	10	13
Prostitution and Commercialized Vice	0	0	10
Sex Offenses	2	3	5
Narcotic Drug Laws	1	1	6
Gambling	14	4	5
Offenses Against the Family & Children	5	0	0
Driving under the Influence	205	200	205
Liquor Laws	24	22	8
Drunkenness	350	305	309
Disorderly Conduct	72	55	61
Vagrancy	3	1	1
All Other Offenses (Except Traffic)	143	169	190
Total – Part Two	836	794	860
Total – Part One and Part Two	962	902	1003

OTHER TRAFFIC ARRESTS

Driving on Wrong side of Street	21	35	60
Failing to Yield Right-Of-Way	24	40	81
Following too Close	58	54	116
Hit & Run	21	22	19
No Drivers License	221	237	281
Red Light	29	37	59
Speeding	680	821	943
State Motor Vehicle Laws	171	162	214
Stop Sign	396	531	565
Other Traffic Cases	445	544	409
Total Other Traffic Cases	2066	2483	2747
GRAND TOTAL	3028	3385	3750

UNINCORPORATED AREA REPORTS

FBI REPORT - PART ONE

NUMBER OF OFFENSES

<i>Offense</i>	1964	1965	1966
CRIMINAL HOMICIDE			
Murder & Nonnegligence	4	1	7
Manslaughter by Negligence	2	6	15
Forcible Rape	9	3	5
Rape by Force	9	2	3
Assault to Rape-Assault	0	1	2
Robbery	12	9	3
Armed - Any Weapon	8	7	2
Strong-Arm, No Weapon	4	2	1
Assault	23	11	18
Gun	11	3	6
Knife, or Cutting Instrument	5	4	2
Other Dangerous Weapon	2	0	0
Hands, Fists, Feet, Etc., Aggravated	0	1	2
Other Assaults, Not Aggravated	5	3	8
Burglary	257	318	422
Forcible Entry	253	299	409
Unlawful Entry, No Force	1	7	2
Attempted Forcible Entry	3	12	11
LARCENY			
\$50 & Over	161	159	208
Under \$50	159	153	158
Auto Theft	60	48	72
Total	687	708	908

REPORTS NOT SHOWN ON FBI REPORT

Death, Accidental	1	11	4
Death, Natural	11	13	13
Doors & Windows found Open	3	15	23
Fires	27	39	52
Impounded Autos, Etc.	240	221	202
Lost	10	10	16
Malicious Mischief	138	124	203
Miscellaneous	99	124	145
Persons Injured	13	40	43
Suicides	7	4	6
Whiskey Stills Destroyed	4	11	3
Whiskey Cars Confiscated	4	7	1
Total	557	619	711

GRAND TOTAL 1244 1327 1619

Illegal (Non-Tax Paid) Whiskey and Mash Destroyed 1769½ 3618 4886½ Gal.

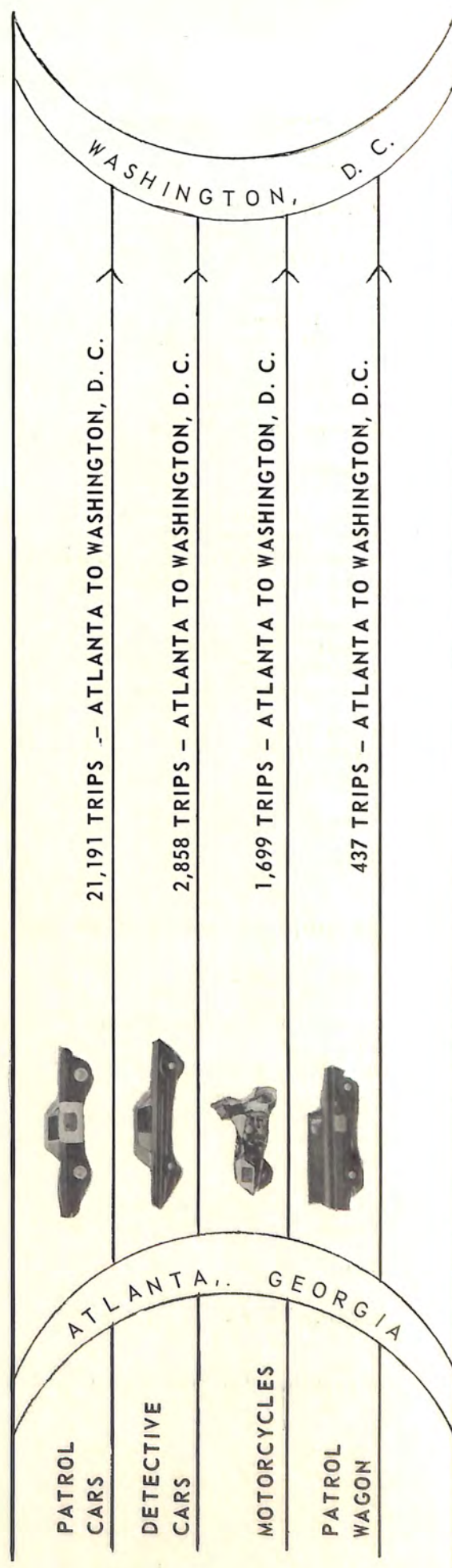
SIXTEEN MILLION MILES

Atlanta police department's vehicles traveled over sixteen million miles rendering police service in 1966.

Patrol cars, which include traffic accident investigation and uniform prowl cars, drove in excess of thirteen million miles during the year.

Comparison in a more realistic manner - Atlanta police vehicles would have driven from Atlanta to Washington, D. C., 26,185 times.

Extending this analysis further, the patrol wagons drove a distance equal to 437 trips from Atlanta to Washington, D. C., motorcycles 1,699 trips, detective cars 2,858 trips and the patrol vehicles 21,191.



WIG SNATCHING

Ladies participating in a new fad created a new type crime.

Unexpected invitations to attend social affairs often occur when the ladies are unprepared and time does not permit a visit to a beauty shop.

Wigs are purchased for various reasons. It permits a lady to be ready to attend social affairs in a matter of minutes.

Wig thieves can detect a lady attired in a wig. The perpetrators drives or runs by and snatches the wig from the head of the victim.

Wigs vary in prices from \$50.00 to \$1,000.00.



WIG SNATCHING



WIG SNATCHING

BURGLARY 1966

	Residence Night	Residence Day	Residence Unknown	NON-RES. Night	NON-RES. Day	NON-RES. Unknown	Total Number	Value
Jan	51	81	10	212	10	25	389	66,382.96
Feb.	59	83	16	199	9	38	404	95,871.18
March	47	113	20	206	9	24	419	87,579.31
April	64	71	12	191	13	21	372	59,920.49
May	64	75	22	225	7	37	430	88,116.90
June	63	77	22	178	11	21	372	73,061.10
July	61	68	26	214	9	25	403	84,786.19
Aug.	68	77	15	249	1	34	444	53,247.26
Sept.	76	116	13	289	13	23	530	55,407.94
Oct.	63	111	33	267	11	24	509	81,900.55
Nov.	64	120	23	230	9	38	484	112,021.19
Dec.	109	115	15	258	11	27	535	82,810.94
Total	789	1107	227	2718	113	337	5291	941,106.01

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT
1966

	0	25	50	75	100	125	150	175	200	225	250	275	300	325	350	375	400	425	450	475
White woman attacks White woman	[Bar chart showing 6 units]																			
White woman attacks White man	[Bar chart showing 13 units]																			
White woman attacks Negro woman	[Bar chart showing NONE]																			
White woman attacks Negro man	[Bar chart showing NONE]																			
White man attacks White woman	[Bar chart showing 17 units]																			
White man attacks White man	[Bar chart showing 107 units]																			
White man attacks Negro woman	[Bar chart showing NONE]																			
White man attacks Negro man	[Bar chart showing 10 units]																			
Negro woman attacks White woman	[Bar chart showing 1 unit]																			
Negro woman attacks White man	[Bar chart showing NONE]																			
Negro woman attacks Negro woman	[Bar chart showing 63 units]																			
Negro woman attacks Negro man	[Bar chart showing 102 units]																			
Negro man attacks White woman	[Bar chart showing 4 units]																			
Negro man attacks White man	[Bar chart showing 28 units]																			
Negro man attacks Negro woman	[Bar chart showing 153 units]																			
Negro man attacks Negro man	[Bar chart showing 399 units]																			
Not stated	[Bar chart showing 22 units]																			

Day of Week	Weapons	
Sunday	Force (Bodily)	14
Monday	Pistol	323
Tuesday	Shotgun	32
Wednesday	Rifle	14
Thursday	Ice Pick	5
Friday	Knife	379
Saturday	Iron Pipe	3
	Others	91
	Unknown	64
Total	Total	925



THROWING ACID

TOTAL 925

VALUE OF PROPERTY REPORTED STOLEN AND RECOVERED

	1965		1966	
	Stolen	Recovered	Stolen	Recovered
January	\$ 623,837.30	\$ 382,932.74	\$ 417,605.07	\$ 218,378.60
Feburary	580,408.24	339,025.37	505,288.07	246,675.92
March	640,615.86	392,054.34	452,772.43	235,475.97
April	563,173.51	297,661.12	445,658.08	243,827.21
May	510,609.67	267,098.49	429,356.67	193,988.50
June	466,534.20	270,067.71	407,708.25	223,725.45
July	502,505.86	280,137.35	521,843.60	302,805.81
August	475,086.62	198,181.05	522,363.66	253,723.91
September	483,731.21	306,387.47	355,099.78	229,289.76
October	424,970.92	265,815.69	481,287.02	252,040.08
November	390,923.62	210,183.11	476,416.72	240,367.43
December	510,868.54	264,456.61	500,772.77	265,611.51
Total	\$6,173,265.55	\$3,474,001.05	\$5,516,172.12	\$2,905,910.15

NEW COMMUNICATION SYSTEM

Improved talk-out radio capabilities are realized with the installation of a new radio antenna tower located on the top of the jail building standing 270 feet above ground. This system has three separate frequencies for police service and one for the Fire Department.

The system is so designed that in the event of an emergency, any or all of the channels may be tied together and operated by any of the three main operating positions.

Each receiver is equipped with a spare receiver for emergencies.

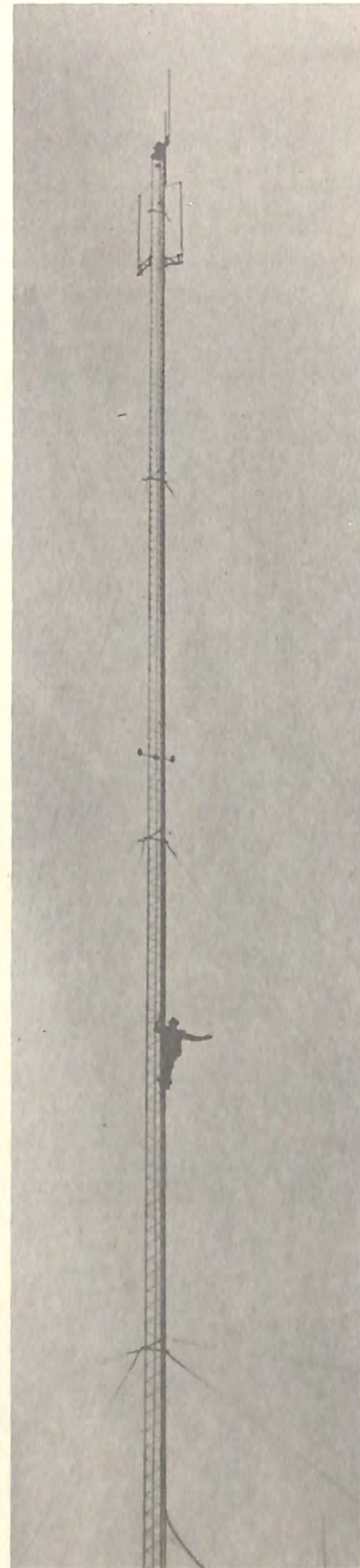
We have two additional antenna towers, one in the southwest and one in the northwest section of the city, both standing 169 feet in height. A third antenna system is located on top of Grady Hospital and is 305 feet above ground.

Conjestion will be greatly reduced in our radio communicating system for many years to come.

RADIO

Summary of Work by Radio Station KIA - 532

	1964	1965	1966
Other Local Departments	1,324	3,134	3,879
Dispatches City	417,689	421,662	428,802
Dispatches Unincorporated Area	9,045	11,538	12,143
Wagon Calls	40,057	38,465	38,143
Lookouts and Miscellaneous Calls	273,857	303,554	309,708
Total Calls	741,972	778,353	792,675



NEW ANTENNA

TWO MILLION DOLLARS IN COUNTERFEIT MONEY SEIZED

Almost two million dollars in counterfeit money confiscated at the Atlanta Airport in November.

Mr. Barney Wentz, Special Agent in charge of the Secret Service operation said the counterfeit bills were printed in downtown Atlanta. He said perfect planning, timing and co-operation between the Secret Service, Atlanta Police, Deputy U.S. Marshals and narcotic agents resulted in apprehending six perpetrators and confiscating the counterfeit money.

Split second timing resulted in the arrest of the counterfeiters. One broke away and was very dramatically apprehended in the network of ramps at the Airport.

Airport patrolmen blocked a car containing two members of the counterfeit ring.

Mr. Wentz stated that this is the largest amount of counterfeit bills ever confiscated in the South.



COUNTERFEIT MONEY

WEAPONS OF AGGRESSION

In committing a crime, criminals do not hesitate to kill or mutilate anyone who intefers or attempts to apprehend them.

Weapons of agression vary from a broken bottle to high powered automatic firearms.

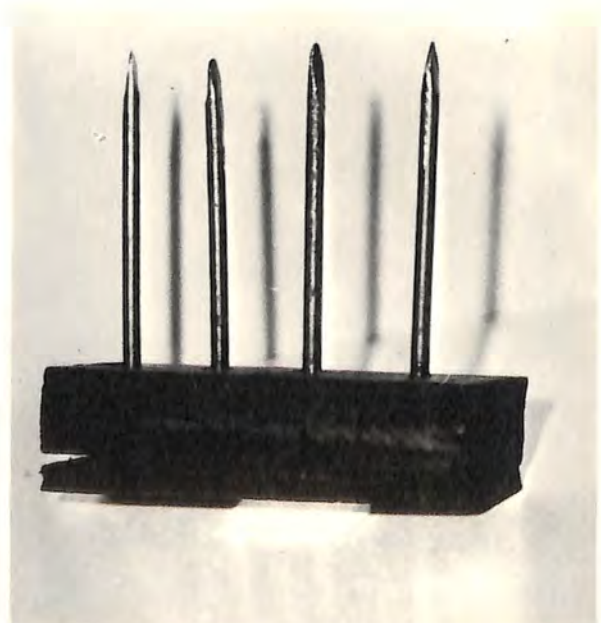
A favorite weapon of young hoodulums is a homemade weapon known as the tenderizer. It consist of four razor sharp nails driven through a piece of wood with a support back of the nail head. It is used in place of brass knucks and inflicts four lacerations with a single stroke.

Other weapons are pistols, shotguns, rifles, broken bottles, icepicks, iron pipes, axes and numerous cutting type instruments.

Weapons of agression are not used exclusively by criminals. Domestic, street, and neighborhood arguments often terminate in physical combat and weapons of agression are used.



WEAPONS



TENDERIZER

CRIME REPORT BUREAU

Distribution of Crimes by Months

	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assaults	Burglary	Larceny	Auto Larceny
January	12	34	75	389	1,025	195
February	11	51	68	404	1,125	215
March	6	30	93	419	1,172	170
April	15	46	91	372	1,096	208
May	4	27	84	430	1,153	152
June	12	24	57	372	942	190
July	8	39	86	403	1,007	201
August	8	42	79	444	1,140	212
September	4	24	88	530	993	165
October	7	47	72	509	1,186	226
November	5	54	63	484	1,060	216
December	7	55	69	535	1,207	241
Totals	99	473	925	5,291	13,106	2,391

MISSING PERSONS BUREAU

Age	WHITE		NEGRO		Totals
	Male	Female	Male	Female	
1 - 5	8	3	20	8	39
6 - 10	22	8	25	12	67
11 - 16	196	210	74	126	606
17 - 20	60	110	28	35	233
21 - 30	84	84	32	51	251
31 - 40	46	49	29	38	162
41 - 50	42	33	23	25	123
OVER 50	23	20	29	18	90
Totals	481	517	266	313	1,571

95% of persons reported missing located or returned.

CASES BOOKED

Type of Violation	White Male	White Female	Negro Male	Negro Female	17 Years and Under	Total Number Arrested
Murder and Non-Negligent Manslaughter	21	2	75	18	9	125
Rape	18	0	103	0	23	144
Robbery	75	10	191	2	67	345
Agravated Assault	158	20	558	200	83	1,019
Burglary	310	15	367	14	725	1,431
Larceny	558	229	964	307	2,174	4,232
Auto Theft	243	10	242	7	420	922
Other Assaults	412	28	681	94	134	1,349
Arson	2	2	14	1	12	31
Forgery and Counterfeiting	66	10	34	18	18	146
Fraud	88	29	28	18	11	174
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stolen Property (Receiving)	37	6	51	13	27	134
Vandalism	120	8	149	34	266	577
Weapons - C. C. W. - C. P. W. L.	268	33	721	95	89	1,206
Prostitution and Vice	33	142	21	11	4	211
Sex offenses, except Rape & Prostitution	184	6	151	20	40	401
Narcotic and Dangerous Drugs	248	86	83	30	4	451
Gambling	87	5	405	234	34	765
Offenses against Family-Children	43	16	37	44	14	154
Driving Under the Influence	2,604	222	1,385	54	33	4,298
Liquor Laws	199	11	341	210	13	774
Drunkenness	25,755	2,305	16,369	2,709	238	47,376
Disorderly Conduct	4,505	800	8,605	2,289	2,152	18,351
Vagrancy	181	74	89	5	11	360
All other, except traffic	173	77	376	91	41	758
Run-Aways-loitering-Curfew	0	0	0	0	458	458
Total	36,388	4,146	32,040	6,518	7,100	86,192

General Court Cases

76,516

NARCOTICS

Atlanta is relatively free from evils of narcotics. City police, State and Federal agents work in close harmony in the prevention and spread of the dreaded disease known as dope addiction.

The Atlanta Police Departments' Vice Squad and the school detectives maintain a strict surveillance on the activities of the high school students. This strict surveillance is reaping dividends.

Smoking of marijuana or use of drugs in the prohibited classification is not prevalent in our high school system.



CONFISCATED DRUGS

*LEG VEINS USED BY DOPE ADDICTS
AFTER ARMS VEINS COLLASPE.*



CRIME REPORT BUREAU
Reports not shown on F.B.I. Annual Report

Lost Items	982
Recoveries, found, impounded, Etc.	5,205
Forgery, worthless and fictitious checks	1,631
Open doors and windows found by patrolmen	884
Fires	901
Deaths, found dead, no crime	797
Damage to police property, cars, motorcycles, etc.	825
Persons injured, other than traffic accidents, etc.	1,007
Malicious Mischief and vandalism	2,551
Confiscated non-tax paid whiskey (no vehicles involved)	141
Miscellaneous	1,001
Whiskey cars confiscated.	53
Lottery cars confiscated	31
Narcotic cars confiscated	7
Unruly prisoners	316
Damage to City property – non-police	522
Officers injured	253
Molesting minors, public indecency, etc.	260
Attempted suicide	173
Suicides	60
Fire – Smoking in Bed	91
Persons bitten by dogs and cats	191
Accidental shootings	109
Injured in fires	38
Suspicious fires, arson, etc.	69
Arrest	6,501
Missing Persons	1,571
Vulgar phone calls	80
Operating without owners consent	350
Total	26,600
Unincorporated area reports	1,691
Unfounded reports	1,048
Report shown on F. B. I. copy	23,605
Total	53,944

AUTOMOBILES STOLEN AND RECOVERED

	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966
Automobiles reported stolen	2,581	2,718	3,622	3,417	4,210	2,974	2,391
Stolen automobiles recovered	2,185	2,269	2,510	2,536	3,035	2,280	1,972
Stolen elsewhere, recovered here in 1966							
Number	194						
Value	\$355,244.00						

ATLANTA POLICE DEPARTMENT
TRAINING DIVISION

1. Conducted 2 Recruit Classes, 288 hours each, attended by 59 Atlanta Police Officers and 4 courtesy officers from Police Departments in the Atlanta Metropolitan Area.
2. Issued over 18,000 IACP Training Keys to members of the department and conducted 2 department-wide examinations on the contents of the IACP Training Keys.
3. Corresponded with 37 individuals seeking information regarding employment with the Atlanta Police Department.
4. Corresponded with 10 organizations which were seeking information of an organizational or technical nature.
5. In conjunction with the F. B. I., a 2 week Recruit Training School was conducted for Metropol.
6. 2 officers worked in conjunction with the Institute of Government of the University of Georgia in producing a series of television shows on Law Enforcement.
7. 1 officer completed a 6 hour Civil Defense Course on "Shelter Management" and "Radiological Monitoring."
8. 40 officers completed a 3 week course conducted by the Traffic Institute, Northwestern University at the Atlanta Police Academy. 15 of these were City of Atlanta police officers.
9. 1 officer completed a 40 hour Red Cross Course, Water Safety Instructor.
10. Conducted two 20 hour Red Cross courses on Life Saving and Water Safety.
11. 3 officers attended Mental Health Seminar.
12. Conducted Auto Theft Seminar for 70 officers.
13. K-9 training for 9 officers and dogs on searching a building.
14. Riot control training course for 25 officers.
15. Chief H. T. Jenkins attended the Management Institute for Police Chiefs at Harvard University Graduate School of Business Administration from July 3 through August 19, 1966.
16. 52 officers attended 1 day Auto Theft Conference.
17. 1 officer attended Civil Defense Course at Stanford University, Menlo, California.
18. 2 officers attended Driver Improvement Program Instructors Course.
19. The Training Division personnel lectured at 25 various organizations such as churches, clubs, schools, etc., during 1966.
20. Escorted 587 persons from religious, educational and military groups through the Police HQ Building.

21. Conducted 23 investigations on applicants for re-instatement to the Police Department. 16 officers re-instated and employed 101 new police officers.
22. Conducted 16 investigations on applicants for other police agencies.
23. 1 officer graduated from the F. B. I. National Academy in Washington, D. C. The purpose of the three months course at the "West Point of Law Enforcement" is to provide officers with a knowledge of the latest administrative and investigative developments in the law enforcement profession.
24. 7 officers attended the F. B. I. National Academy Associated Retraining Session for 3 days.
25. 2 officers attended the Police Information Network Demonstration conducted by the Metropolitan Atlanta Council of Local Governments and Atlanta Metropol at Georgia State College.
26. Riot Control Training Course for 25 officers.
27. Manned armoured car and C. D. wagon and issued riot equipment during emergency.
28. 26 officers attended a one-week administration school sponsored by the F. B. I., Metropol, The Georgia Association of Chiefs of Police and the Georgia Municipal Association.
29. 5 officers attended the one day F. B. I. Law Enforcement Conference on Public Relations - Community Relations, Science and the Law Breaker, and the National Crime Information Center, The Computer and Modern Communications, at the Georgia Police Academy, Georgia State Patrol.
30. 126 showings of I. A. C. P. sight and sound training film-strips to the Department.
31. In cooperation with the Department of State Agency for top ranking foreign police International Development, we escorted 34 officers through the Police HQ Building and gave them an indoctrination program.
32. In cooperation with the Atlanta Committee for International Visitors, we escorted through the Police HQ Building and conducted an indoctrination program.
33. 2 officers gave a speed and skidmarks demonstration and lecture for Traffic Judges seminar at Emory University.
34. 6 civilian employees investigated prior to employment by the Atlanta Police Department.
35. Distributed pamphlet "Know Your Rights" to all members of the Police Department.
36. Made a survey of the Police Department to see if a Police Science Program at Georgia State College would be feasible.
37. 295 police applicants interviewed and investigated.
38. Self-defense and K-9 Corps demonstrations given at Lenox Square.
39. Interviewed and investigated 20 applicants for Neighborhood Youth Corps and employed 31.

40. Investigated, interviewed and employed 45 applicants for Police Guard.
41. The I.A. C.P. film "Every Hour - Every Day" with Danny Thomas was shown to many civic groups.
42. Processed all extra job requests.
43. 2 police guard's re-instated.
44. Conducted briefing on Traffic Control Signals and Gestures for 8 new officers.
45. Made a record check on 200 persons for the Georgia Commission on Juvenile Delinquency.
46. Prepared and distributed 1,000 copies of a 17 page handout on City Ordinances.

* * * * *

We added a sight and sound projector system to our roll call training in July. The International Association of Chiefs of Police offers this training program to all police departments.

This system emphasizes pertinent aspects of police training and is proving to be very effective and appreciated by the men.



NEW PROJECTOR

* * * * *

POLICE DEPARTMENT
COST OF OPERATION

1966

Purchase of Equipment	180,739.59
Lights and Power	22,609.30
Service, Motor Transport Department	520,022.51
Uniforms	88,146.78
Other Cost of Operation	202,282.18
Salaries	5,246,014.55
Salaries – Traffic Policewomen (School Crossings)	90,606.90
Rentals, I.B.M. Etc.	81,042.36
Total	\$ 6,431,464.17

OFFICIAL SEAL
CITY OF ATLANTA



Edited by Lieutenant
CHARLIE BLACKWELL

Statistics by
TABULATION SECTION