

WASHINGTON (P-Atty. Gen. Robert F. Kennedy told the Sen-ate Judiciary Committee that those who preach states' rights are not "seeking the protection of the individual citizen, but his ex-ploitation."

to ask many questions about, Er-

vin said, is the one that would es-

However, Ervin said he would

like to note that: "The Civil Rights Commission agitates, the civil rights division of the Jus-

In pleading Thursday before the Southern-dominated group for tablish a community relations said: "The time is long past—if indeed it ever existed—when we should permit the noble concept of states' rights to be betrayed and corrupted into a slogan to hide the bald denial of American rights, of civil rights, and of hu-man rights."

THE MOST GOOD

tice department aggravates, and now there would be a commu-nity relations service to concili-ate." Kennedy told the committee that passage of the controversial public accommodations part of the program is essential.

"It is the part whose prompt enactment will accomplish the most immediate good in stamping out the fires of racial discord in our land," he said.

"Even as we sit here to-day, National Guardsmen patrol the streets of Cambridge, Md., to prevent violence. Unrest is boil-ing in Savannah, Ga.; in Dan-ville, Va., and in countless other cities in the North as well as in the South," Kennedy said.

"This is what happens when long-standing legitimate griev-ances are not remedied under law."

QUESTIONED BY ERVIN

Under questioning by Sen. Sam J. Ervin Jr., D-N.C., Kennedy said it is "not correct" to say the administration program was submitted to Congress because, as Ervin put it, "we now are hav-ing troublesome times" with racial demonstrations.

The attorney general said the program was submitted "because there are injustices that should be remedied, not because demonstrations are taking place.'

Ervin's questioning hardly had got under way when the Senate convened, forcing a recess in the hearing until some time next week. Ervin told Kennedy he was "not trying to filibuster" but he said, "Some of us see this bill as a very drastic assault on the principles of constitutional govern-ment and the private rights of individuals."

""I understand," Kennedy said.

Ervin told newsmen he does not know how long his question-ing will take, when Kennedy re-turns next week. He noted that the bill has seven different sec-tions and contains "an awful lot of legal gobbledegook."

One section he does not expect

Reuther Seeks Rights Passage In Testimony

WASHINGTON - (UPI) - Labor leader Walter Reuther told Congress Friday that if if fails to answer Negro pleas for full citizen-ship, "desperate men will search for . . . answers in bitterness and bloodshed."

Sanders To Fight Civil Rights At 120 **Governors** Confab

Gov. Carl Sanders took a milit-ant stance Friday on the eve of an expected battle at Miami Beach to keep the civil rights issue from dis-rupting the National Governors Conference Conference.

Conference. Sanders is a member of the con-ference resolutions committee, which will be the testing ground for an expected civil rights pro-posal by backers of New York Gov. Nelson Rockefeller, a potential Democratic contender for the pres-idential nomination. In Sanders', view, Rockefeller forces are planning this purely be-cause of his presidential aspirations and disapproves of making a cam-paign arena of the conference. "If he tries to ram it down our throats - violate the rule - I think there are enough governors who be-lieve in a constructive conference to do something about it." Sanders told United Press International. "I hope there will be no fight. But if he backs us in a corner I believe he will find there are some of us willing to respond. I think it is ridiculous that the governors Sanders is a member of the con-

of us willing to respond. I think it is ridiculous that the governors conference be used as a political battle ground." The "rule" Sanders referred to is one that needs a two thirds vote of the resolutions services.

of the resolutions committee mem-bers to get an issue such as civil rights on the floor. Sanders and a number of other governors want it changed to require a unanimous vote. vote.

"The hour is much later than you realize," the red-haired pre-ident of the United Auto Workers told a House Judiciary subcommittee.

tee. The UAW, he said, has a "size-able number" of Negroes. Reuther insisted that President Kennedy's civil rights program must not be "compromised" or weakened in any way as it moves through Congress. He said it was a "very moderate bill" and that his union wanted it strengthened it passible

bill" and that his union wanted it strengthened, if possible, He volunteered that "I do not know how long responsible leaders of the Negro community can restrain" their" followers. Con-gress must provide Fritional means of providing "equaD opportunity for all our peoplet of the apostles of hate will take over" the added. As is his custom, Reuther ignor-ed his preparded text in delivering an impassioned plea for strong ci-vil rights legislation. He spoke off the cuff for almost an hour. After-ward, there were no hostile quest-ions. Peter Rodino, D-NJ., as act-ing chairman, presided, over the hearing which was attended Friday only by northern members.